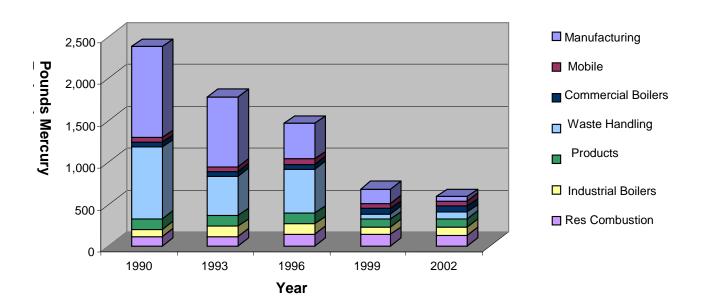
Maine Mercury Sources and Amounts

Exhibit A: Mercury Emissions (in pounds) 1990-2002 by Sector

Exhibit 7t. Mercury Emissions (in pounds) 1330 2002 by occion				
1990	1993	1996	1999	2002
115	117	143	137	128
83	119	118	88	98
125	126	128	93	95
855	471	534	67	85
58	59	56	60	68
55	55	58	63	67
1,086	829	426	177	46
2,376	1,777	1,462	684	588
	1990 115 83 125 855 58 55 1,086	1990 1993 115 117 83 119 125 126 855 471 58 59 55 55 1,086 829	1990 1993 1996 115 117 143 83 119 118 125 126 128 855 471 534 58 59 56 55 55 58 1,086 829 426	1990 1993 1996 1999 115 117 143 137 83 119 118 88 125 126 128 93 855 471 534 67 58 59 56 60 55 55 58 63 1,086 829 426 177



Sector information above can be viewed in several ways. 1. Residential combustion is the largest sector source of mercury emissions. 2. Combustion (residential, industrial, commercial and waste handling,) is the largest source of mercury emissions 3. Non-residential combustion sources (industrial and commercial) are the largest source of mercury emissions.

Exhibit B: Mercury Product Sources From One Time Collection and Ongoing Recycling

Button cells made in the U.S. per year	25lbs.
Dairy Manometers	26 lbs.
17,000 auto switches	35 lbs.
Schools	@700 lbs. to date
850,000 lamps, 26,000 thermostats and other	@1,100 lbs.
devices	

Exhibit C: Mercury Discharges by Wastewater Treatment Facilities for 2002

Emiliar Strategy Discharges by Waste Water Treatment Lacinties for 2002			
Aggregate from 157 municipal & industrial water	6 /lbs./yr		
discharge sources			

Exhibit D: Mercury in Water Discharge from Holtra Chem

	1990-2000 Holtra Chem in	2001-2004 production ceases in Sept	2005 and beyond with installed treatment
	operation	2001 discharges remain	
Holtra Chem	12 lbs./yr	3lbs/yr	1.6 lbs./yr